

# STATION REPORT SENT BACK OVER STRONG PROTEST

Grundy Tells Aldermen  
It's West End Terminal or None at All.

## DISNEY CREATES MILD SENSATION

Declares On Floor That He  
Signed Document Through Mis-  
take, Many Sections Being In-  
serted Which He Did Not  
See—Get City Attor-  
ney's Ruling.

Needless of the warning sounded by  
Alderman Barton H. Grundy that if the  
Board of Aldermen did not act with  
unanimity on the report of the Special  
Committee on Union Station, favoring  
the two-road station in the West End,  
Richmond would get no station at all,  
the Board last night refused to accept  
the report in the form in which it was  
submitted and sent it back for amend-  
ment.

The action was taken shortly before  
midnight, after debate on the commit-  
tee's report had lasted for forty-five  
minutes. The committee was the one  
which had been charged with the dispo-  
sition that was made by the committee  
by either opponents or supporters of  
the report, and came as a surprise  
and temporary solution of a problem  
which during the day had developed  
some surprising circumstances.

**Signs by Mistake.**  
The action of the evening broke  
when Chairman Disney, of the Union  
Station Committee, presented, with his  
signature, a report from that commit-  
tee, stating that it had found it im-  
possible to induce all the roads entering  
Richmond to join in a joint station, and  
that in this, it recommended as a  
desirable thing that the Council, by  
resolution, approve the construction of  
a two-road station in the West End.  
In asking for the paper's recommenda-  
tion, Chairman Disney told the Board  
that he had signed the report by mis-  
take, and that it did not represent the  
action of the committee.

Alderman Grundy, who with Mr.  
Disney formed the Board's representa-  
tion on the Union Station Committee,  
submitted the report, and said he had  
never heard that part of the report  
comprising two typewritten pages—  
setting forth in detail the committee's  
failure to induce all the roads to  
join in a joint station. Other mem-  
bers of the Board who had followed  
the union station proceedings with  
care admitted likewise that they  
had not seen the report, and that they  
had voted to accept the whole report  
back for correction.

**Question Committee's Act.**  
The surprising development noted  
followed the action of the committee  
on the report, recommending the  
West End station. Chairman Disney,  
according to his own statement,  
signed the report under the impression  
that it contained the action of the  
committee. Holding that opinion,  
he asked the Board to refuse to accept  
the report, on the ground that the  
committee reported to have to be used  
for a union station exceeded its powers  
in approving a two-road station on the  
Hermitage site.

In support of his contention, Mr.  
Disney produced an opinion from City  
Attorney Pollard holding that the  
Council resolution under which the  
committee worked did not contemplate  
the erection of a station to be used  
only by two of the roads entering  
Richmond.

**Ruling by Mr. Pollard.**  
Mr. Pollard's ruling on the question  
of the committee's authority to act as  
it did was interpreted by the City  
Attorney as a ruling that the  
committee's act as presented in the  
report just read.

At the northwest sections of the City  
Attorney's letter follows:  
"It is easy to see from the language  
of the resolution that the Council, at  
the time of adoption thereof, had in  
mind the selection of a site for the  
establishment of a union station for  
the use and accommodation of all the  
roads entering the city of Richmond,  
from which it necessarily follows  
that the committee have to be used  
only by two of the roads entering  
the city, was not in the minds of the  
Council at the time of the adoption of  
the resolution."

"With this chart for their guidance,  
the committee should have first re-  
ported, as probably they did, that they  
had conferred with the authorities of  
the various railroads and found it im-  
practicable to induce them to select  
one site for a union station as author-  
ized by the Council, and therefore  
asked to be discharged from further  
consideration of the matter, or that  
they were given them, or that  
some other committee in the premises,  
and as an inducement for the latter  
action, if they believed that best, the  
committee, by way of a special report,  
could not be violating the well-established  
practice of committees in legisla-  
tive bodies in recommending the  
adoption of a resolution similar to the  
one under consideration, and that the  
Council approving of a scheme for the  
erection of a commodious joint station  
in the West End by the Richmond,  
Fredericksburg and Potomac and At-  
lantic Coast Line Railroads."

**Strong Opinion Supports Committee.**  
Alderman Fuller seized upon this  
opinion as evidence that the report of  
the committee as just read complied in  
every particular with the ruling of the  
City Attorney. He assigned its failure  
to secure the co-operation of all the  
roads, and strictly in accordance with  
the City Attorney's opinion recom-  
mended what, in its opinion, was the  
next best thing—the two-road station  
in the West End.

Chairman Disney here denied all  
knowledge of any part of the commit-  
tee's report save that section of it  
which recommended the erection of a  
two-road station in the West End, and  
told the Board that if it in-  
stead on receiving the report he would  
ask that he be permitted to erase his  
signature from the report.

## MUST RAISE FARES

**Mr. Harris Says Street Car Companies  
Face Serious Situation.**  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
Atlanta, Oct. 14.—George H. Harris, president  
of the American Electric Association,  
in opening the thirty-second annual  
convention of that organization to-  
day, spoke on the expense of operating a modern car line.  
"Unless fares are increased," he said,  
there will be a succession of more or  
less disastrous experiences. Nowhere  
nowhere, resulting, on the one hand,  
from the broadening of city borders  
and the consequent extension of lines,  
or from the multiplication of transfer  
points, compulsory wage increases,  
consequent increases in the cost of  
fuel, and on the other hand the  
diminishing fare.

He continued by saying that the  
street car companies are in a  
difficult position, and that they must  
raise fares to meet the situation.  
He said that the street car com-  
panies are in a difficult position, and  
that they must raise fares to meet  
the situation.

**NEWPORT NEWS YARD LEADS**  
Dreadnaught Texas 85.2 Per Cent Com-  
pleted; New York, 83.0 Per Cent.  
Washington, Oct. 14.—The Dreadnaught Texas, 85.2 per cent com-  
pleted, and the New York, 83.0 per  
cent, are the two largest battleships  
now under construction at the New  
York Navy Yard, standing second, having ad-  
vanced to 85.2 per cent toward com-  
pletion.

The destroyer Albatross, at 97 per cent  
toward completion, leads the class of  
craft now building, with the Parker  
cruiser, the submarines H-1 and H-2,  
and the fleet oiler. The two subma-  
rine tenders, the Fulton, is 15.6  
per cent completed, and the Albatross,  
being built at the New York Navy  
Yard, standing second, having ad-  
vanced to 85.2 per cent toward com-  
pletion.

## ARRESTED IN CLEVELAND

**Assistant Postmaster of Pocahontas  
and Wife Charged with Robbery.**  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
Pocahontas, Va., Oct. 14.—It has  
just taken the local government  
thirty days to catch the assistant  
postmaster of Pocahontas, who is  
charged with robbing the local office  
of \$1,000. Postmaster M. J. Smith,  
a telegram from Cleveland, O., this  
morning, advised that his late as-  
sistant, Edwin M. Silberman, had  
been arrested in that city and some of  
the money had been recovered. The  
other making the arrest was the  
wife of the man who was arrested, being  
a service man, Silberman, who was  
leaving here to go to Norfolk, the home  
of his wife and family, from there they  
located his wife and family in Cleve-  
land. Both are expected to be here  
Friday, when a hearing will be given  
them.

## CAPTAIN JOHNSTON, CHEF

**Discovers How to Cook Sea Gull to  
Like Quail.**  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
Washington, Oct. 14.—Captain C.  
E. Johnston, of the Revenue Cutter Ser-  
vice, has discovered how to cook the  
tough and oily sea gull so one can  
hardly tell it from quail. Captain  
Johnston, who is a native of the  
Northwest, and is kept busy dis-  
covering new ways to cook the sea  
gull, has been in the city for some  
time.

## HAWTHORNE IS FREE

**Completes Prison Term and Will Now  
Return to His Home.**  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 14.—Julian  
Hawthorne, the writer, completed his  
prison term this morning, and when  
he took off the sombre gray uniform  
of the prison and prepared himself to  
leave for his home in New York on the  
6 o'clock train.

## MR. BRYAN TO GRANGERS

**Secretary of State to Address Con-  
vention of Grangers.**  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
Washington, Oct. 14.—The re-  
quest of the President, Secretary of  
State Bryan will appear and speak at  
the Grangers' Convention, which is  
being held at Waterloo, Iowa, during the  
closing of this week. It is expected that  
Mr. Bryan will leave Washington to-  
morrow night.

## FATHER AND BROTHER ACT

**Bride's Relatives Perform Ceremony at  
Wedding.**  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
Tarrytown, N. Y., Oct. 14.—At a  
pretty home wedding at 8 o'clock this  
evening Miss Annie Stevens, a rich  
daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Ferdinand  
Stevens, was married to Floyd Finley  
of Baltimore, Md. An unusual feature  
of the wedding was the fact that the  
bride's father and her brother, both  
Rev. Edwin Iglehart, performed the  
wedding ceremony.

# GAS EXPERTS TELL WHAT CONSUMERS SHOULD RECEIVE

But They Won't Com-  
pare Service With Mu-  
nicipal Plants.

## 600 DELEGATES ALREADY IN CITY

Convention Opens This Morning,  
Though Early Arrivals Witness  
Demonstration of Apparatus  
Which Is Claimed to Re-  
duce Gas-Cooking Cost  
in Homes.

Arriving on three special trains yes-  
terday afternoon, more than 600 ac-  
credited delegates to the eighth annual  
meeting of the American Gas Institute  
registered at convention headquarters  
at the Jefferson Hotel last night, when  
convention preliminaries opened with  
an address on "Surface Combustion,"  
by Dr. Charles E. Lucke, of Columbia  
University. The formal opening exer-  
cises take place this morning at 9:30  
o'clock, when the visiting gas experts  
will be formally welcomed to the city  
by Mayor Ainslie. Charles M. Cohn,  
of Baltimore, will respond, and for  
the next three days the convention will  
be engaged in a series of technical  
discussions as to all phases of the  
manufacture and sale of gas from an  
engineering and commercial standpoint.

The association is made up in the  
main of the presidents and engineer-  
ing experts of commercial gas com-  
panies from every section of the United  
States. Superintendent W. P. Knowles,  
of the Richmond works, represents  
one of the largest municipally owned  
gas companies in the country. The as-  
sociation is held in the city of Rich-  
mond, where the gas works of the  
city are being sold at 50 cents,  
and other cities took the ground last night  
that it would be out of taste to make  
any comparisons or criticisms between  
municipal and municipal plants while  
in a sense, the city of Richmond  
operates one of the largest municipal  
plants in this country.

**Some Aids to Gas Consumers.**  
"We can only tell you what our  
plan is doing for the service of con-  
sumers," said Mr. Cohn, who is the  
consolidated Gas Company of New York.  
"Not by way of criticism or compari-  
son, because aside from our being your  
guests, we have not had an opportu-  
nity to study conditions in  
Richmond. In New York, the gas  
works are selling gas at 50 cents,  
the Public Service Commission having  
fixed a uniform rate to all consumers,  
from which there are no discounts,  
and no special rates for large users."

"We have four emergency crews lo-  
cated at separate points equipped with  
special built motor cars, pumps and  
all emergency apparatus, who can  
come out within a few seconds, night  
or day, and respond as promptly as  
the fire apparatus in case of accident,  
discovery of leaks or special troubles of  
all kinds. We have a large force of  
inspectors constantly on duty, who  
service mains and connections. Where  
ever a street is to be improved, even  
far in the suburbs, we lay all mains  
to prevent later tearing up of the  
surface."

**Cooking Demonstrations.**  
"We have twenty women trained as  
expert cooks, who visited last year  
\$3,000 patrons who use gas stoves, and  
showed them how to cook to the best  
advantage with the least use of gas.  
When you move into a house or flat,  
if the fixtures are old, you have only to  
telephone us, and we will send out  
inspectors to examine the burners and in-  
stall them without any cost. We can  
also furnish a complete kitchen ap-  
pliance, and we will arrange for the future, after  
I reach the metropolis."

**New Method of Cooking by Gas.**  
"We have, last night, while highly  
technical, a number of new methods  
of cooking by gas, which are being  
used by the 600 or more gas experts,  
who afterwards crowded to the plat-  
form to inspect the test apparatus. Pro-  
fessor Lucke had constructed. This  
work is the result of seven years of  
laboratory research at Columbia. While  
not yet commercially on the market,  
the speaker claimed to have developed  
a process of mixing gas and air by  
mechanical means, by which a bed of  
pulverized quartz is kept at a white  
heat, the cooking being done as over a  
bed of live coals instead of in the  
direct gas flame, as on the more fa-  
miliar gas stove. Thus saving, it is  
claimed, fully two-thirds of the gas.  
The process is claimed to promise a  
great revolution in the gas cooking  
business as incandescent burners did  
in the lighting business."

**Convention Opens This Morning.**  
The formal opening of the convention  
is set for this morning at 9:30 o'clock.  
Following the welcoming addresses will  
be the reports of the directors, and  
the president's address, and the re-  
ports of many standing committees.  
An afternoon session at 2 o'clock will  
continue the hearing of technical  
papers. The official program of the  
morning session.

Women accompanying members will  
leave immediately after the group pho-  
tograph is taken for the Country Club,  
where luncheon will be served. A re-  
ception is tendered the Institute to-  
night by the city of Richmond and the  
Chamber of Commerce. The annual  
banquet takes place tomorrow night,  
when James M. Beck, former Assistant  
Attorney-General of the United States,  
will be the toastmaster.

# LOOK UPON ACTS WITH AMAZEMENT AND ABHORRENCE

United States So In-  
forms Provisional Pres-  
ident Huerta.

## ELECTION IS NOT TO BE RECOGNIZED

Assumption of Both Executive  
and Legislative Powers by the  
Mexican Dictator Calls for  
Diplomatic Notes From  
President and Secre-  
tary of State.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The United  
States government to-day informed  
provisional President Huerta that it  
looked upon his assumption of execu-  
tive and legislative powers in Mexico,  
and in view of his course, could not  
regard as constitutional the elections  
planned for October 25.

Two notes, one strongly phrased and  
written by Secretary Bryan, inquiring  
about the safety of imprisoned mem-  
bers of the Mexican Congress, and the  
other dated in formal language by  
President Wilson, himself, and signed  
constitute practically the last of the  
of the Washington government to deal  
with the Huerta authorities by diplo-  
matic means. There is a decided  
change of spirit on the part of the  
officials in Mexico City, were dis-  
patched.

**Hope for Election Abandoned.**  
The negotiations through John Lind  
had progressed to the point where the  
State Department accepted the indecor-  
ous of Frederico Gamboa for the pres-  
ident, as meaning the elimination of  
Huerta from the government. The  
hope that a fair and free election  
would be held October 25. Now, how-  
ever, President Wilson has made it  
clear that the Washington government  
had, with the consent of the last few  
days—the imprisonment of the deputies  
and the establishment of a dictatorship  
by Huerta—lost all hope of seeing a  
constitutional election held by the  
Huerta regime.

The steps taken by the United States  
were formally communicated to all for-  
eign governments. No further nego-  
tiation is being pursued through diplo-  
matic channels, and it would not be  
surprising if John Lind, who has been  
waiting at Vera Cruz to observe the  
manner in which the Huerta officials  
would carry out their promise to re-  
turn to the United States.

**Assaulted on Audacity.**  
Huerta's decrees proclaiming him-  
self as in charge of the Departments of  
the Interior, Administration, Finance  
and War to-day were received here, and  
the text given out at the State De-  
partment. The documents were read  
at to-day's Cabinet meeting, and mem-  
bers of the Cabinet expressed them-  
selves as astonished at the audacity of  
General Huerta. They were ap-  
prised by Mr. Wilson of the nature of  
the two communications sent to Gen-  
eral Huerta through Charge O'Shaugh-  
nessy, and all three expressed their  
vigorous representations. The Cabinet  
meeting was about to adjourn when  
press dispatches announced that  
senior Mexican Minister of  
Foreign Affairs, had characterized the  
American communications as "intem-  
perate."

Official Washington to-night waited  
for a formal reply being drafted by  
the State Department. The Charge  
O'Shaughnessy reported that he had  
conveyed both communications, and  
had been assured with respect to the  
imprisoned deputies that no violence  
would be done to them, but that they  
would be tried for sedition.

**Second Note Prompts "Intemperate."**  
It is the second note of the Ameri-  
can government, said to be only 150  
words in length, possibly breaking the  
negotiations with Huerta, which is be-  
lieved to have prompted Foreign Min-  
ister Mosen's description "Intemperate."

Administration officials hold that,  
with most of the members of the Mexi-  
can Congress in jail, a prominent mem-  
ber of Congress, who dared to speak  
adversely to the administration, still  
mysteriously concealed, and the Con-  
gress dissolved, it is impossible for the  
civilized world to believe that the  
Huerta group was capable of establish-  
ing or maintaining constitutional au-  
thority in the southern republic. They  
also feel that the Huerta officials no  
longer are deserving of such diplomatic  
relations as hitherto have existed.  
As yet, there is no concrete evidence  
that the Huerta group is ready to  
use drastic measures.

**May Aid Constitutionalists.**  
Some officials said they would not be  
surprised if the failure of the Huerta  
group to comply with promises made  
to John Lind would cause the  
Washington administration to consider  
throwing its support to the Constitu-  
tionalists in Northern Mexico. This  
night carry with it a lifting of the  
embargo on arms, and many Senators  
think the Constitutionalists soon would  
triumph if they had such assistance.

President, the State and Secretary  
(Continued On Second Page.)

# NEW ARTICLE MAY MEAN LONG DELAY IN IMPROVEMENT

Possibility of Indefinite  
Continuance Appears  
in Sulzer Case.

## COURT LISTENS TO LONG ARGUMENT

New Charge, Proposed by Man-  
agers of Prosecution, Is Felony  
Instead of Misdemeanor, and  
He Must Be Given Time to  
Answer—Judge Cullen  
Sums Up Case.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 13.—The pos-  
sibility of an indefinitely long delay  
in reaching a verdict as to the guilt  
or innocence of Governor William Sulzer  
today loomed up as his impeachment  
trial here. This was suggested  
when counsel for the impeachment  
managers asked that the court recom-  
mend to the Assembly the bringing of  
a new article of impeachment in the  
event the testimony of Duncan W.  
Peck, superintendent of public works,  
and Henry L. Morgenthau, ambassador  
to Turkey, should not be found to be  
relevant to any charge contained in  
the present articles.

Whether this remedy was relevant  
to Article IV, which charges the  
Governor with suppression of evidence  
before the Frawley investigating com-  
mittee to-day was the subject of de-  
bate in executive session and under-  
stood when adjournment until to-mor-  
row morning was taken.

**Continue Executive Session.**  
The executive session will be con-  
tinued to-morrow, and on the result  
of the court's deliberation will de-  
pend the question as to whether the  
proceed to vote or await the action  
of the Assembly in the question of  
bringing the suggested new article of  
impeachment.

Should the latter course be adopted,  
the future progress of the trial will  
be a matter of speculation. The ques-  
tion at once would arise whether the  
necessary majority could be obtained  
to vote the new article.

It would be possible to muster  
enough votes to adopt the new article  
at an early date, the Constitution re-  
quires that the Governor be given  
twenty days' notice before called upon  
to answer.

**Propose an Amendment.**  
The specific contentions placed be-  
fore the court in the all-day arguments  
of the counsel was whether the Peck  
and Morgenthau in addition to the  
new charge against the Governor, con-  
stituted a felony, and whether the  
attorney John B. Stanchfield, for the im-  
peachment managers, brought it to a  
climax by proposing an amendment to  
Article IV, specifying the names of  
Peck and Morgenthau in addition to  
those of Frederic A. Colwell, Louis  
A. Saxeley and Melville B. Fuller as  
persons whom the Governor sought to  
suppress evidence before the Frawley  
committee.

Peck swore that the Governor had  
asked him if called before the com-  
mittee to deny under oath that he had  
suppressed evidence before the Frawley  
committee. That testified the Governor  
him in connection with his \$1,000 con-  
tribution "to be easy with him."

**New Charge Is Felony.**  
The proposed amendment further  
differed from the original in that it  
specified that the Governor attempted  
subornation of perjury, a felony,  
whereas the original merely charged  
that he "used threat and menace," a  
misdemeanor.

Argument of counsel mainly centered  
around the point as to whether citing  
the Governor for subornation of per-  
jury constituted a new charge.

Although the testimony of Allan A.  
Ryan, that the Governor sought politi-  
cal influence to stop the trial was placed  
before the court for its consideration,  
the court did not reach a decision to-  
day. Attorney Stanchfield, in presenting  
the amendment, offered counsel for the  
defense and the prosecution to place the  
attorney on the stand to refute the charges  
as amended, but they indicated no in-  
tention of doing so.

**Presiding Judge Cullen Sums Up.**  
Presiding Judge Cullen summed up  
the issue as follows:  
"The question whether under the ar-  
ticles of impeachment as they now  
stand the conversation between the  
witness, Peck, testified can be consid-  
ered as a substantive offense, is one  
that will have to be determined when  
you finally determine the merits of the  
case. There is also here a question of  
application to amend the articles, and  
a request here for the court to use the  
expression of counsel, to send it back  
to the Assembly or give it notice. That  
will have to be determined now and  
before we proceed further in this case."

When court to-night adjourned it  
was rumored that a motion was under  
debate to adopt the proposed amend-  
ment, and that there also was an  
amendment to the motion itself, the  
nature of which could not be learned.

## APPROVE BOND ISSUE

New York, New Haven and Hartford  
to Distribute \$67,522,000.  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
New York, Oct. 14.—Official in-  
formation having been received from  
Boston that the Public Service Com-  
mission of Massachusetts had approved  
the bond issue of \$67,522,000, the board  
of directors of the New York, New  
Haven and Hartford Railroad to-day  
according to law, and passed resolutions  
approving the issue. Notice will be  
given to the stockholders to-morrow  
that 65 per cent of the subscriptions  
must be paid on November 15 and 35  
per cent on January 15, 1914.

## MUST SKIN GROUSE

**Epicures for a While Are Deprived of  
Feathered Game.**  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
New York, Oct. 14.—Members of  
several fashionable New York clubs  
were forced to forego the pleasure of  
roast grouse for luncheon to-day be-  
cause of the new tariff prohibiting the  
importation of grouse with feathers.  
The Kaiser Wilhelm II. arrived from  
Berlin, bringing many scores of this  
popular bird, but they were held up by  
the customs officials. It was said that  
the grouse were first skinned.

## MRS. BLAKE FILES SUIT

**Finally Brings Action Against Mrs.  
Mackay for Alienation.**  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
New York, Oct. 14.—Mrs. Kath-  
arine Kathleen Blake, wife of Dr.  
Joseph A. Blake, today filed with the  
Supreme Court against Mrs.  
Clarence H. Mackay, wife of Dr.  
Clarence H. Mackay, a suit for aliena-  
tion of Dr. Blake's affec-  
tions. Mrs. Mackay, the plaintiff's  
attorney, accepted service in the suit  
last night.

Mrs. Blake instituted a suit for legal  
separation from her husband last week,  
alleging that Dr. Blake had neglected  
her for four years and had refused to  
contribute to her support since July 1  
last.

Mrs. Blake charges Mrs. Mackay  
with "willfully, wickedly and maliciously  
slandering and keeping Dr. Blake's  
affections for four years ago. The com-  
plaint further charges:  
"And the defendant alienated and  
has ever since alienated and still con-  
tinues to alienate his (Dr. Blake's) af-  
fections from the plaintiff, his lawfully  
wedded wife, by wicked and wrongful  
acts, blandishments, flatteries and se-  
ductions, and by the means aforesaid,  
and upon and toward the plaintiff, his  
lawfully wedded wife, and by the means  
aforesaid, and by the means aforesaid,  
enticing and keeping away from the  
plaintiff's husband."

## DANIEL'S PLAN A SUCCESS

**Saves Government Much Money in  
Buying Armor Plate.**  
Washington, Oct. 14.—New bids  
for armor plate, which were to-  
day were opened at the Navy Depart-  
ment, with the result that the Midvale  
Steel Company has been awarded a con-  
tract at a total saving to the government  
of \$11,874 under the figures of iden-  
tically submitted bids. The bids were  
recently submitted by the Midvale Steel  
and Bethlehem Companies.

Daniel's declared his intention of con-  
tinuing to urge the erection of a gov-  
ernment armor plate plant, and he was  
far from satisfied with the results  
secured by rejecting the original bids,  
and toward the end of the day he bid  
to prevent delay in completion of the  
battleship, and because of improbabil-  
ity of further reduction could be ob-  
tained.

Today's award brought the total  
savings through competitive bidding on  
armor plate to \$1,143,136, the reduction under prices  
formerly paid being \$1,143,136. The  
\$1,143,136 in contracts for armor plate,  
lighter plates and turbine casings.

The three companies in the so-called  
"combine" had been given until to-  
day to submit new bids for armor plate,  
the identical ones, originally submitted and  
rejected by Secretary Daniels.

## SYLVIA ARRESTED AGAIN

**Police This Time Succeed in Landing  
Her in Prison.**  
London, Oct. 14.—Sylvia Pank-  
hurst, the central figure last night of  
a fierce struggle between the police  
and militant suffragettes in the East  
End, London, tonight was arrested  
when she tried to enter a taxicab, and  
attempts to rescue her, but the police  
drove to Holloway Jail.

## Like Any Other Applicant.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
Washington, Oct. 14.—Commis-  
sioner of Immigration Camille C. Es-  
tad, following the signing of a new  
law, reported that the Bureau of Im-  
migration or Department of Labor or  
any other of either had decided or  
would decide to accept the Pankhurst  
case, and that the Pankhursts would  
be held for examination by a board of  
special inquiry at the Immigration  
Department. The board of special in-  
quiry has no power to order appeal,  
and the Pankhursts are not appeal-  
able. The board of special inquiry is  
independent of the boards of appeal,  
and as the Pankhursts are not appeal-  
able, they are not subject to the board  
of special inquiry. The board of special  
inquiry is independent of the boards of  
appeal, and as the Pankhursts are not  
appealable, they are not subject to the  
board of special inquiry.

## CONFESSED HER CRIME

**Driskell Claims to Have Murdered a  
Girl in Minneapolis.**  
Chicago, Oct. 14.—Albert Driskell,  
twenty-two years old, was arrested in  
connection with the murder of Alice  
Matthews in Minneapolis, Minn., in  
April, 1912. He was arrested in Oak  
Park, a suburb of Chicago.

Driskell is reported to have told the  
police that he had killed the girl, and  
then skipped town.

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## COMMENDS WATER TENDER

**Smith's Gallantry at Time of Explosion  
Is Recognized.**  
Washington, Oct. 14.—Secretary  
Daniels to-day commended Daniel R.  
Smith, a water tender attached to the  
U. S. battleship Oregon, for gallant  
gallantry and devotion to duty in  
playing last month when a boiler ex-  
ploded on the vessel, off the Georgia  
coast, killing two of his shipmates,  
and seriously injuring several others.

Smith, at the time of his own life,  
entirely unharmed, and his gallantry  
in the submarine, passed lines around  
one of the fatally injured men so that  
he could be removed to the hospital.  
Smith was badly burned but he was carried to  
the hospital.

## PLUCKS THE PLUMES

**World Customs Inspector Removes  
Aligrette from Passenger's Hat.**  
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
New York, Oct. 14.—Miss Alice  
Shaffer of Schenectady, N. Y., has  
been compelled to remove aligrette  
from her hat by the customs inspectors.  
When she arrived today on the steam-  
er Antilla from Mexico, Miss Shaffer  
wore in her hat a large bunch of  
feathers, and the customs inspectors  
insisted that she remove them.

Though much piqued, the young wo-  
man did so, and the offending feathers  
were confiscated.

# Y. M. C. A. DIRECTORS WINDGATE KEE AND DROP CHARGE

No Evidence to Justify  
Board in Calling for  
Resignation.

## HARMONY URGED AMONG MEMBERS

Question of General Secretary's  
Unpopularity Regarded by  
Judges as Simply One of In-  
dividual Opinion—Whole  
Case Reviewed at Length  
Without Bitterness.